

## INFLUENCE OF AN ALIEN ELEMENT ON CHOROLOGICAL COMPOSITION OF STEPPE AND FOREST-STEPPE FLORAE IN ALTAY KRAI (RUSSIA)

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In 1995-2009, the flora of higher vascular plants in the Barnaulka river basin (BB) situated on Priobskoye plateau in Altai Krai was studied. The basin (5720 km<sup>2</sup>) crosses steppe and forest-steppe zones and integrates pine forests of the ancient flow gully bottom with steppe and forest-steppe landscapes of erosive terraces of the gully. The BB stretches from south-west to north-east and in extreme points latitude changes approximately on 1,5° and longitude - on 3,0°.

The BB native flora numbers 845 species, the alien element - 137, the anthropogenically influenced flora - 982. Within the basin specified are 5 elementary regional florae (F1 $\rightarrow$ F5), in which the alien element share varies within the limits 4,9-15,4%.

In the BB native flora in series F1 $\rightarrow$ F5 increases portion of Cosmopolitan (20,1 $\rightarrow$ 25,9%), Eurasian (20,4 $\rightarrow$ 22,1%), West-Eurasian (8,4 $\rightarrow$ 9,2%), East-Eurasian (4,0 $\rightarrow$ 6,9%), Euro-Siberian (5,1 $\rightarrow$ 6,9%), South-Siberian-Mongolian (1,1 $\rightarrow$ 1,4%), Siberian (0,5 $\rightarrow$ 1,0%) and South-West-Siberian (0,9 $\rightarrow$ 1,3%) species. The share of Central-Eurasian (15,9 $\rightarrow$ 8,5%), Iranian-Turanian (0,9 $\rightarrow$ 0,3%), trans-Volga-Kazakhstan-Mongolian (6,2 $\rightarrow$ 4,0%), Pontian-Kazakhstan (5,7 $\rightarrow$ 3,1%), Kazakhstan (2,0 $\rightarrow$ 1,1%) and East-Kazakhstan (0,5 $\rightarrow$ 0,4%) species decreases. The portion of Cosmopolitans in series F1 $\rightarrow$ F4 (8,4 $\rightarrow$ 10,8%) increases, but then falls down in F5 (7,9%). Although number of native Cosmopolitan species in F4 and F5 is equal (56), but whole species abundance of this florae is differential: F4 (520) and F5 (707).

## Section 1. Botany and mycology

In contents of alien element dominate Holarctic (36,5%), Cosmopolitan (24.8%), Eurasian (13,9%) and West-Eurasian (9.5%) habitat types. Drastically less participation have East-Eurasian (2,2), Euro-Siberian (4,4%), Central-Eurasian (4,4%) and Pontian-Kazakhstan (2,2%) species. South-Siberian-Mongolian (Salix ledebouriana) and South-West-Siberian (Corydalis nobilis) alien species in BB is pointed only in F5, while Siberian (Setaria viridis subsp. glareosa) - in F1 u F5. Last three habitat types make up 2,2% of the alien element. Only for BB native flora Iranian-Turanian, trans-Volga-Kazakhstan-Mongolian, Kazakhstan, East-Kazakhstan habitat types is peculiar.

When compared to the BB native flora, the anthropogenically influenced flora shows the disturbance in basic relationships among the chorological groups. The share of Cosmopolitan  $(7.5\rightarrow9.9\%)$ , Holarctic  $(23.8\rightarrow25.6\%)$  in West-Eurasian  $(8.6\rightarrow8.8\%)$  species increases, but ehe rest habitat types reduce the participation.

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